

1568 A

SERMON

AGAINST

Profaneness & Immorality.

Preach'd at the

ASSIZES

AT

KINGSTON upon *THAMES*,

APRIL 9. 1701.

BEFORE THE

Right Honourable the Lord Chief
Justice *HOLT*, and the Ho-
nourable Baron *TRACY*.

By *THO. KNAGGS*, M.A.

AND

Chaplain to the Right Honourable *Ford* Earl
of *Tankerville*, Lord Privy Seal.

L O N D O N,

Printed by *John Matthews*, for *Francis Fawcet*, at the
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STERMON

AGAINST

ASSIZES

WILKINSON



Right Honourable
Justice of the Peace

WILKINSON

WILKINSON

WILKINSON

TO
JOHN SHORTER, Esq;
HIGH SHERIFF
OF
SURREY,
THIS
SERMON
IS
HUMBLY DEDICATED,
BY HIS
Most Obedient Servant,

Tho. Knaggs.

A 3

TO

JOHN SHOOTER

HIGH SHERIFF

SURR Y.

SERMON

HUMBLY DEDICATED

Most Obedient Servant

Geo. Kunkin

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SERMON

AGAINST

Profaneness and Immorality.

HEB. iv. v. 13.

*Neither is there any Creature that
is not manifest in his Sight :
But all things are naked, and
opened unto the Eyes of him
with whom we have to do.*

There cannot be a more powerful Persuasive, or a more effectual Charm to oblige Men to the Practice of Holiness, and infuse a Spirit of exact Conscientiousness into them ; than a serious Consideration that God is every where present. That
our

our rising in the Morning, our labours in the Day, and our lying down at Night, are all manifest in his Sight, and under the All-seeing Eye of Heaven. That he discovers us as easily under the dark Shadows of the Night as at Noon-day, and that his Eye-beams pierce into the deep of our Thoughts, Ends and Designs. It was a common thing among the *Romans* to check any Extravagancy they were entring upon by saying, *Cato sees you*. This *Cato* being by Office, the *Censor of Mens Behaviour*, and much Reverenc'd by the People, they were afraid to come under his Reproof, as suspecting his Eye by one means or other was every where. Now if they fear'd the Eye of *Cato*, who was but a Mortal Man, and who could but inflict a Temporal Punishment upon them; Surely ye ought to dread the Eye of God, who is an Immortal Being, an Impartial Judge, and can Punish both Body and Soul in Endless and Everlasting Misery. 'Twas an admirable saying of *Lactantius*, *Let no Man flatter himself in his Wickedness, for want of a Witness; for God is Omniscient, and to him nothing can be a Secret*: And *Seneca* a Heathen, speaks in the same Language; *God is a Great and Omnipotent Being, it is to him that we live, and to him that we must approve our selves. What doth it avail us then that our Consciences are hid from Men, when our Souls are Naked and lie open to God?*

Lib. 6. c. 14.

Psal. 139.

Holy *David* cries out, *Whither shall I go from thy Spirit? Or whither shall I flee from thy Presence?*

If

If I Ascend up to Heaven, thou art there; if I go down into Hell, thou art there also; if I take the Wings of the Morning and dwell in the uttermost part of the Sea, even there shall thy hand lead me, and thy Right-hand shall hold me; if I say the Dark-ness shall cover me, even the Night shall be Light about me; yea the Dark-ness is no Dark-ness with thee, but the Night is as clear as the Day, the Dark-ness and Light to thee are both alike. The Eyes of the Lord are in every place, beholding the Evil and the Good. Neither is there any Creature that is not manifest in his Sight: But all things are naked and opened unto the Eyes of him with whom we have to do. Prov. 15. 3.

My design in this Discourse is to promote the Interest of Religion, to discourage and suppress *Profaneness* and *Immorality*, to restrain Vice and Debauchery, and encourage a *Reformation* of Manners. The Publick Interest calls aloud for it; for if the foundations of *Faith*, *Righteousness* and *Good Life* be not secur'd by the due Execution of the Laws, we must not expect *Truth* and *Peace* long amongst us. The most likely way to prevent the *Destroying Angel's* drawing his Sword, is for the Magistrate to *Unsheath* his against *Profaneness* and *Immorality*. And may a Blessing light on that Man's head who takes care to correct Sin, and set up the Power of Godliness in its room. Good Men will highly applaud him here, and God will surely reward him hereafter.

A *Reformation* of Manners is the only thing to make us an happy People. High and Low, Rich and Poor, Young and Old, Superiours and Inferiours are all concern'd in this *Honourable* and *Necessary* Work to mend one.

One of the greatest Incouragements *Popery* ever met with in *England* was from the *Sins* of *England*. And therefore if we wou'd preserve our Holy Religion, and deliver it down in purity to Posterity; If we have any desire to *Exalt* our Nation, win the Lord to make our Councils Prosperous and our Designs Successful, we must seriously and in good Earnest set about Amendment and Newness of Life, turn the *Sins* of *Profaneness*, *Irreverence* and *Irreligion* out of the Kingdom, and set up *Piety*, *Religion*, and *Devotion* in their Places.

We live under the Government of a most Religious and Gracious King, who has not only deliver'd your Bodies, but endeavours as much as in him lies to save your Souls. And in order thereto, not only shews his Subjects an Example of Piety and Religion, but by *Proclamation* strictly requires the same of them. As a Master of a Family is, so commonly are his Servants. If he Swears they learn to Swear too. If he be Wicked, they for the most part are so likewise. And then what has that Parent, that Master to Answer for, who by their bad Examples have been

been the betrayers and losers of the Souls of their Children and Servants?

'Tis in vain to Expect pure Streams from a polluted Fountain. Unless *Parents, Masters, Governours* and *Magistrates* reform themselves, we may Despair of ever seeing a Reformation in the State. 'Tis too sad a Truth that *Profaneness* and *Immorality* meet with too many great Examples to incourage them, and while the Head is Sick, the whole Body will be Heavy. If the Fountain be Muddy, 'tis in vain to cleanse the Channel, and if Men in Authority break the Law, they of inferiour Rank will think they may do so too. For how can that Magistrate put the Laws in Execution who is a daily Criminal himself? Or with what face can that *Justice of Peace* make another pay for Swearing, who is a common Swearer himself? Such Men with *David* in *Nathan's* Parable, pronounce the Sentence of their own Condemnation. In Reforming others they accuse themselves, and instead of suppressing *Profaneness* and *Immorality* they become Approvers of them.

I pray God make a *Reformation* in all Orders and Degrees of Men among us. The Sins of Men were never greater, never cry'd louder to Heaven for Vengeance than they do at this Day. Because of them our *Land* has long *Mourn'd*, and *Mourn* we may Expect it will a great deal worse, if Men go on in their Wickedness, and

tempt God by their fawcy Profanations to send down his Judgments upon it.

Into such desperate and forlorn Times are we fal'n, that many are as far from Goodness as they are from Shame. The *Whore's forehead*, and the *Brow of Brass* complain'd of in the Prophets is to the disgrace of our Nation, and to the Scandal of our Holy Religion, too much the Temper and Complexion of this Generation. Are there not some that boast of their Sins that Moral *Heathens* wou'd even blush to Name? *Shall I not visit for these things saith the Lord? Shall not my Soul be avenged on such a People?* What can we expect the End of these things should be but Destruction? In Mercy, O God, awaken us all, lest the loud Calls of his Judgments rouze us!

Now what better Argument can be made use of for a *Reformation* of Manners, and promoting Religion, Honesty and fair Dealing, than to fix on Mens Souls a deep Impression of God's *Omnipresence*?

I. If God be *Omnipresent*, and if there be not any Creature but what is manifest in his Sight, then he knows all the *Evil* we do, and all the *Good* we do; and therefore this should be a Restraint to keep us from Sin, and an Inducement to walk uprightly both before God and Man.

If

If we Smite our Neighbour secretly, and Wound him with an Arrow that flies in the Dark; If we lay our Plot never so slightly, and say to our selves no Man sees us, and therefore we shall prevail against him; yet notwithstanding this our Secret and Private Wickedness, there is an Eye in Heaven, an Omniscient God who sees through the Clouds, and looks down from his High and Holy Habitation upon all the Dwellers upon Earth, and beholds them in their most subtle Disguises, and one Day in the Sight of Men and Angels, will be both their Witness, and their Judge. Privacy and Secrecy are no hindrances to the Sight of God, to whose Eyes all things are Naked and Open. And tho' the Night conceals the *Drunkard*, and the Closet the *Adulterer*: Tho' the *Thief* lurks and hides himself in Secret Places, that he may the better escape the Hands of Men, and his Theft not be found out, and accordingly Punish'd at the Bar of an Earthly Tribunal; yet let all such Sinners rest assur'd that as certain as they Sin'd, so certain God had his Eye upon them, and saw them at the very instant they committed their Wickedness. *Am I a God at hand, and not a God afar off? Saith the Lord. Can any hide himself in Secret Places, that I shall not see him? Do not I fill Heaven and Earth? How can I do this great* Gen 39. 9. *Wickedness and Sin against God, was Joseph's Cry when his Lascivious Mistress would have Tempted him to unlawful Embraces? The Consideration of God's Omnipresence kept him Innocent, Im-*
print-

printed the fear of God in his Heart, Repel'd the Temptation, and preserv'd his Integrity against all her Caresses and Blandishments. *A Man that* Ecclus. 23. 18, *breaketh Wedlock, saying thus in his Heart, who seeth Me? I am compassed about with Darknes: The Walls cover me, and no Body sees Me, what need I fear? The most High will not remember my Sins: Such a Man feareth only the Eyes of Men, and knoweth not that the Eyes of the Lord are Ten thousand times brighter than the Sun, beholding all the Ways of Men, and considering the most secret Parts. I know not any thing that tends more to the letting Men loose to all manner of Wickedness, than the want of an apprehension of God's Omnipresence. The Iniquity of the House of Judah is exceeding great, and the Land is full of Blood, and the City full of perverseness, and all this comes to pass because they say, the Lord hath forsaken the Earth, the Lord seeth not.*

When any Temptation offers it self, Expostulate thus with your selves. What am I about to do? What Wickedness is this I am going to commit? Am I not in the presence of my God? Doth not he stand by me and cast his Eye upon me? And should he strike me Dead in the very Action, what a miserable State and Condition would I be in? What a deplorable Darknes would your Souls be hurry'd into, should Death close your Eyes and send you to Judgment at the very instant you are committing such or such a Sin. Did the Cannon-Mouth'd Swearer consider, that the Ears of an Omnipresent God are open, and hears him as oft
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as he takes the *Holy and Reverend Name* of God in vain, and that for any thing he knows his Breath may be stop'd, when the Oath is between his Lips; certainly he would keep his Tongue with all Diligence, and never dare to open his Mouth wide against Heaven, and Profane the Great and Tremendous Name of God, which the Angels with the profoundest Submission Magnifie and Adore.

Did the unjust and merciless Man who hath Enrich'd himself by *Rapine, Oppression* and *Extortion*, and grown Fat with Enjoyments and Possessions wrongfully got from the Widow and Fatherless, take it into serious Consideration that God did not cast a Superficial glance, that his Eye did not slide upon the Surface of his Actions, but pierc'd through and through him, and at the great Distinguishing Day will be a severe Revenger of the Wrongs offer'd unto them; he would make them satisfaction in this World, to prevent the Divine Justice from meeting with them in that which is to come.

No sooner did Christ cast his Eyes upon St. Peter after he had denied him, but he went out of the High Priest's Hall and *Wept bitterly*. And if Men could once be brought to a serious Thought that they are continually under the Eye of Heaven, it would put a Restraint upon their Ways, and be a powerful Motive to a Good and Virtuous Life. Holy *David* attributes his keep-
ing

Pfal. 119.
167, 168.

ing God's Precepts and Testimonies to the lively Sence he had, that his Ways were always before God. *My Soul hath kept thy Testimonies, and I love them exceedingly. I have kept thy Precepts and thy Testimonies, for all my ways are before thee.* God's Allseeing Presence would of necessity work upon Men to *cease to do Evil, and learn to do well*, if they were but once fully perswaded that they are continually under the Eye of him, who is the Inspector and Judge of all their Actions.

What a Virtuous Life doth that Man lead who so ordereth his Conversation as one that Believes God perpetually stands by? How Regular and Exemplary is his Conversation? How Circumspect in all his Actions? And how is the Fear of God in his Heart all the Day long?

Among the many Excellent Rules which *Seneca* has given for the Conduct of Mens Lives, this is one, *viz.* That they should always imagine some Grave and Virtuous Person, and to represent him to be present with them, as a Spectator of all their Actions. And I have Read of one who gave this Advice to a Friend of his, who had given himself up to a reprobate Mind, to a neglect of all Religion and Virtue, and was lost to all Sence and Goodness, *viz.* That he should hang his Father's Picture in the Room where he was wont to act his Debauchery, imagining the severe Eye of the Father, tho' but *in Effigie*, would give a mighty check to his lewd Life and corrupt Manners.

Now

Now if the bare Representation of some Grave and Virtuous Person being present with us, or a Father's being only in a Dead Picture, may be suppos'd to have so strong an influence on our Actions, as to give a strong Check to Lewdness and Debauchery, of how much greater force then must the Sence of God's Presence continually with us be to Regulate our Lives and Actions?

And as God's *Omnipresence* should lay a Restraint upon Men, to keep them from Sin, and be an Encouragement to a Good and Holy Life; So,

II. This should Teach them Uprightness, and an exact Conscientiousness in all their Dealings.

Many Men venture in Private upon Sins which they dare not do in Publick. They dread more the Laws of the Land, than those of the great God, and are more afraid to be taken committing Crimes for which they are accountable at an Earthly Bar, than for those they must be Judg'd for at a Heavenly one. They stand more in awe of Man than God, as if they were never to Die, and make no appearance in the Court of Heaven. The fear of Punishment, and the loss of Reputation, keeps many Men from openly committing Murder, Theft, and other Villanies, but when they are out of the Sight of Men,

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then

2 K. 5. 25.

Acts 5. 5.

then they appear what they are. Those who went for *Saints* in Publick become *Devils* in Private. Many *Pharisees* put on *Sheeps Cloathing* abroad, but at home they are *Ravenous Wolves*. If ye secretly Wound your Neighbour, Steal his Goods, or the like, tho' the World know it not, can you think to keep it secret from Him to whom all things are open and naked? A Lie from an Impudent Face, may easily delude an Innocent Person, but the Strength of *Israel* is not a Man that he should Lie, or the Son of Man that he should be deceiv'd. *Gehazi* fear'd his Master's Anger, and so told a Lie to prevent it, but he was not afraid to Lie in the Sight of God, for which he was Punish'd with Leprosie. Tho' his Master could not find it out; yet God did, and Punish'd him for it. *Ananias* and *Sapphira* intending by falshood to abuse God, fell under his heavy Vengeance for the same, and by their sudden Death manifested the Power of the Holy Ghost whom they thought to deceive. Secure thy self as well as thou canst, and keep thy Wickedness as secret as may be; yet know there is no Security, no Secresie against God. He will Hunt thee in all thy By-paths, Trace thee in all thy crooked Steps, Discover all thy Shifts, Discern all thy Lies, and Confute all thy Pollicies. The Eyes of the great Judge of Heaven and Earth cannot be Blinded. He will bring to light the hidden things of Darknes, and make manifest the Counsels of the Heart. He will set before the Eyes of all, the secret Sins of every Man. *They shall be*

bes fool themselves that have digged deep to hide their Wisd. 4. 20.
Counsel from the Lord, and have said of their Works
of Darkness, Who seeth us? When they cast up the
account of their Sins, they shall come with Fear, and
their own Iniquities shall convince them to their
Face. What Man would dare to bear False
Witness or to take a false Oath at an Earthly
Bar, or before an Earthly Judge, was
he but sensible that he must appear at an Hea-
venly Tribunal, before an Eternal Judge, who
will Judge him in Righteousness, and give him
according to his Ways; and the Fruit of his do-
ings? A Judge infinitely Wise, infinitely Just,
and infinitely Powerful. Before no less Person
must the whole Race of Mankind stand forth to
be tried for Eternity. With that God we shall
all have to do. A God that can Save or De-
stroy. A Judge that can Acquit or Condemn.

And here *I charge you before God and the Lord*
Jesus Christ, that with all haste you set your selves
to ponder on these things. Ask your Souls this
Question. Is God every where present? Is his
Eye always upon us? Does he Search and know
the Heart? Has he been a Spectator of all your
Wickedness, and beheld you in the midst of your
Transgressions, And will he bring you to Judg-
ment to answer for every thing ye have done a-
miss? Away then with all manner of Falshood,
Deceit, and every thing that favours of Disho-
nesty. Have ye sinned, do so no more? For the
time to come, be afraid to Sin in Secret, because

1 Sam. 26. 7. *all things are Naked and Opened unto the Eyes of him with whom ye have to do. Man looketh upon the outward appearance, but God looketh on the Heart. Doubtless there is a God that Judgeth the Earth. And therefore let this caution be Imprinted upon your Hearts at all times and in all Places, have a care what ye do, God sees. We are under a great Obligation to live justly, seeing we do all things before the Eyes of that Judge that seeth all.* What a strong Cordial will it be to the Soul at her separation from the Body when she can say with *Hezekiah, Remember now, O Lord, how I have walked before thee in Truth and with a perfect Heart, and have done that which was good in thy Sight.* With what Peace and Tranquility of Soul doth an honest Conscientious Man go out of the World, and resign it up into his Creator's Hands? For having liv'd under a constant awe of the Divine Majesty in this World, he embraceth Death with a cheerful Mind, and is ready to say, *Go forth my Soul, Go forth, I have all along had to do with a God as a Being Omnipresent, and Omniscient, and now I am not afraid to do with him as a Righteous Judge, who is to determine the Eternal State of my Soul, and pass an unalterable Sentence upon it. How will it comfort a Man when Death looks him in the Face, that he was sensible God always saw him, and thereupon set a Watch upon his Actions, as being fully convinc'd he had to do with a God who was a Witness to all he did, and would one Day Judge him for all his Actions. We must all of us one Day bid adieu to the World, and then the best*
Pil-

Boetius.

Isai. 38. 3.

How to lay a Dying Head on will be a good Conscience. If we have not that, all the Glories of the Earth will but afford small Comfort when our Breath is just going from us, and our Souls ready to take their flight from our trembling Lips.

I know nothing would conduce more to the infusing a Spirit of exact Conscientiousness into us, than the Consideration of God's *Omnipresence* and *Omniscience*. For the more the fear of God rules in our Hearts, the more exact we shall be in our Religion towards God, and in our Conversation among Men. 'Tis usual with Men when they are cast upon a Bed of Sicknes, and the Visions of Death and the Grave are before them, then to make Conscience of their ways, to Dedicate themselves to God, and to be open and fair in their Dealings with Men. When they see they must die and appear before a Righteous Tribunal to have their Everlasting State and Condition determin'd, then they are for doing nothing but what Conscience shall approve of, and what that shall Witness. But do you act more Wisely; in all things; and at all times: In Health as well as Sicknes; and in time of Life as well as in the Hour of Death, endeavour to keep a good Conscience. Did Men live under the Sense of an *Omnipresent* and *Omniscient* God, one part of their Life would not clash with the other. Their Conversation would be in Heaven every Day. They would keep an
Holy

Holy Intercourse with God from time to time. Not sometimes go forward in Religion and sometimes backward, but be Just at all times, and always discharge a good Conscience both towards God and Man.

And as God's *Omnipresence* should teach Men Uprightness and an exact Conscientiousness in all their Dealings; So,

III. It should teach you Sincerity, Fervency and Intention in the Worship of God; and when you Pray to have your Thoughts and Affections wholly fix'd on him.

Enter into your Closet, shut the Door, and be as Secret as possible in your Prayer; yet that Father to whom ye Pray in Secret, seeth what you do in Secret.

Joh. 4. 24.

It is a great neglect of God, an Affront to him, and a Contempt of his *Omniscience*, for a Man to prattle Words, to speak to God in Prayer, and not regard what he says. He is an *All-seeing Spirit*, and will be Worship'd as a *Spirit*, with your Souls, Heartily and Devoutly. Put it in a Temporal Case: Does any Man speak unto a King, and at the same time not mind what he speaks unto him? Would not this be a Contempt, and a kind of Mockery done to him? Now if this would be a great Irreverence to an Earthly Majesty, what is it to the King of Kings

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time. some- to be Pray'd to when your Minds are elsewhere,
and without giving attention to those Prayers ye
wards put up to him? The God to whom ye Pray both
sees and observes the Frame and Connection,
and Motions of your Thoughts; and if your
Men Thoughts see not the Living God, who sees
es in them; and if your Hearts behold not the God
that seareth them, with what Face can ye expect
Fruit of that Prayer, to which neither your
Thoughts nor Hearts attended? Christ told the
Pharisees, saying, *You outwardly appear Righteous* Matt. 23. 18.
unto Men, but within you are full of *Hypocrisie and*
Iniquity. You are they that Justifie your selves, but Luk. 16. 18.
God knoweth your Heart. They made long Pray-
ers to God, but their Hearts were not on him;
something else and not God was in their Thoughts,
even in the height of their Devotion. If Men
were acquainted with God's *Omniscience* there
would not be such a thing as an *Hypocrite* in the
World. No double hearted Person to halt be-
tween God and Baal, no serving God and Mam-
mon; no painted Sepulchres, nor no counterfeit
Piety to be found among Men. *Hypocrisie* is a Luk. 12. 1-4
Dangerous *Leaven*, and that which Christ bids
Auditors beware of; he denounces many *Woes*
against it, and it is represented to him as that
which renders Men odious to the Lord, as endea-
vouring to Cozen God, and put a Cheat upon
him.

The *Hypocrite* goes about to Disguise his Acti-
ons. He pretends to do his Master's Will, but
yet

yet does it not. He Judges and Condemns others for having nothing of Heaven, when he himself has more of Hell than those Condemn'd by him. He talks much of God and Religion, lifts up his Eyes to Heaven, smites upon his Breast and thanks God he is not as other Men, and all this is done to be a Cloak to the vilest and most abominable Practices. If there be a worse place in Hell than another 'twill be the Portion of the *Hypocrites*. They set up for Godliness and yet go about to deceive God, and make him no better than *Baal*; as if he neither heard nor saw, or was asleep and the like.

And as God's *Omnipresence* should teach Men Sincerity, Fervency and Intention in the Worship of God, and when they Pray to have their Thoughts and Affections wholly fix'd on him. So,

IV. It may teach them Patience under the afflicting Hand of God, and administer Comfort to them in Wrongs and Injuries.

When a Man considers that he has God for an Eye Witness, that he sees all the Miseries and Calamities that befall him, and that he sees the Heart as we see one another's Face, this will make him that he will neither be Impatient under Afflictions, nor Angry and Restless in the Day of Adversity, nor Malicious and Revengeful under Persecutions, but will carry himself watchful

watchful and careful be Sincere in his Duties, and be afraid to murmur or repine against him whose Eye is always upon him. What does that Man care for Disgrace, Ignominy, or Injustice who knows he has to do with a God, that beholds his Innocency and one Day will do him Right? As sure as there is Wickedness on Earth there is Justice in Heaven. Holy *Job* had not the least Trouble upon him when a load of false Accusations look'd him in the Face; he was well assur'd he was under the All-seeing Eye of God, that he beheld his Integrity both to God and Man, and this kept up his Head, and supported him with Courage and Strength against all the Venome the Devil or Man could Spit against him. It pleas'd the Lord to bruise his only Son and put him to open Shame; yet when *He suffer'd*, *he threatned not, but committed himself to him that judgeth Righteously.* When St. Paul was brought before *Fælix* and others, *He knew in whom he believ'd, and that he was able to keep that which he had committed to him,* and when he receiv'd the Sentence of Death *He trusted in him that raiseth from the Dead.* The Assurance the Primitive Christians had, that they had to do with a God to whose Eyes all things were naked and open, embolden'd them under the sharpest Sufferings, and made them triumph over the Rack, the Wheel and the Gibbet. Their being thrown to Wild Beasts, Condemn'd to the Mines, brought to a Stake and there Burnt alive, Accus'd of Sacrilege, Sedition, Incest, Murders,

Murders, and many other Crimes and Misdemeanours, did not in the least discompose or make them shrink in the face of Danger, because they were sensible they had to do with a God, whose Eyes were continually upon them, who was a Spectator of their Innocency, and would one Day Judge and Revenge their Cause. How Quietly, and with what composure of Soul, sedateness of Spirit and calmness of Mind did St. Stephen fall asleep, and that which occasion'd it was, a seeing his Jesus standing at the Right-hand of God, beholding the bravery of his Faith, the constancy of his Soul, and his eminent Charity both to his own and his Saviour's Enemies. Whatever your Afflictions be, whatever Wrongs or Injuries you receive, if your Spirits be built upon this Principle, that all *Things are naked and opened unto the Eyes of God*, you cannot want Resolution to submit to his Will and Pleasure, and to encounter and trample upon the greatest Indignities which can be cast upon you. What tho' a Man meets with Injustice in this World, 'tis but a short time he has to live, and then at his Death the Judge of all the Earth will do him Right? A little time will bring all things to light, even the hidden things of Darkness, when the Honesty of the Honest shall be set before him, and when the Knavery of the Knave shall look him in the Face to his Shame and Confusion. God speaking of the Transgressions of the Israelites, says, *Is not this laid up in store with me and seal'd up among my Treasures?* An Immunity from

Deut. 32. 34.

from present Punishment is no Argument that God either sees not Mens Wickedness, or is not offended at them for it. Their Sins lie at their Door; Their Transgressions are sealed up in a Bag; Their Foot shall slide in due time; God forgets them not; There is a Day of Accompt behind, and the longer God is bending and drawing his Bow, and taking his Aim, the longer he whets his Sword and fetcheth his Blow.

And as God's *Omnipresence* may teach Men Patience in the Day of Adversity and Administer Comfort to them in Wrongs and Injuries; So,

V. It should stir us up to be present with him and walk with him.

Walking with God denotes a Religious course of Life. *Noah was a just Man, and Perfect in his Generation, and Noah Walk'd with God.* Gen 6. 9. So it is in the *English* Translation, but in the *Greek* it is, *Εὐπρεπείᾳ*. *Enoch pleased God. Before his Translation he had this Testimony, that he pleased God,* says the Author to the *Hebrews*. If God's Eye be always upon us, Heb. 11. 5. our Aim should be to please him, so to do, and so to think, as if every Action and Thought was still in God's Presence. *Walking with God* has this meaning, so to Eye his Presence that all our Thoughts, Words and Actions should be to his Glory, to please him in our Conversation, to walk in his Paths, and to serve him in Holiness and Righteousness. As God continually sees us,

1 *Isa.* 239.2 *Chron.* 15.
2.

so we ought always to look upon him, and have a deep Apprehension of his *Omnipresence* and *Omniscience*. As he knows our down Sitting and our Uprising; As he understands our thoughts afar off; As he is acquainted with all our ways; and as there is not a word in our Tongue, but he knows it altogether: So we ought to set this *Omniscient* God always before us, that we may walk before him, and order the frame of our Actions for his Honour. God looks upon you, and therefore he expects you should look upon him, set him before you, prepare your selves for his Company, and avoid what is offensive to him. If God be with you, ye ought to be with him; and if ye seek him, he will be found of you; but if you forsake him, he will forsake you.

And as God's *Omnipresence* should stir us up to be present with him and walk with him; So,

Amos. 9. 2. 3.

VI. It should bespeak Terror to all that keep at a Distance from God, and desire not the knowledge of his ways, for God is their Enemy and such an Enemy as they cannot fly from. *Tho' they dig into Hell thence shall mine Hand take them, tho' they climb up to Heaven, thence will I bring them down. And tho' they hide themselves I will search them out, and I will set mine Eyes upon them for Evil and not for Good, saith the Lord God. Say not thou, I will hide myself from the Lord, for who thinks upon me from above? I shall not be known in so great a heap of People, for what is my Soul among such an infinite number of Creatures?*

Ecclus. 16. 17.

O Fool ! *Whither canst thou go from God's Spirit?* Jer. 23. 24.
or whither canst thou flee from his Presence? God is
every where present. He is beyond any confine-
ment or limitation. Shut up your selves in the
darkest Dungeon, from thence he is not excluded.
The Darkness and Light to him are both alike. As Psal. 139. 11.
every one of us shall see him when he comes to
Judgment, so he sees every one of us here, and
will Judge us then according to our Deeds, *give* Jer. 17. 10.
every one according to his Ways, and the Fruit of his
doings. There will be no escaping in the Croud.
God hath reserv'd to himself a Day to reckon with
all Orders and Degrees of Men. None will be
dispens'd with. For as the Day is appointed in
the which the whole World must come to Judg-
ment; so likewise the Judge himself is *ordain'd* of Acts 17. 31.
God for that great and glorious Employment. And
as God's *Omnipresence* should bespeak Terrour to
all that keep at a distance from God, and de-
fire not the knowledge of his ways; So,

VII. It may let us see a ground for his particu-
lar Providence. Let the thing be what it will,
the Divine Providence has the disposal of it. It
is the Lord that gives, and it is the Lord that
takes away. 'Tis neither this way nor that way,
nor any way of Man, but 'tis God that putteth
down one, and setteth up another. God Orders
and Governs all things. Turn your Eyes which
way you will, the Light of God's Providence
shineth every where: Infinite Wisdom cannot but
see all things. *God is first and God is last. God is Orpheus.*
the

the beginning, and God is the middle of all things. His Eye never grows dim. All things were made by him. He is in Possession of all, and he takes care of all. 'Tis no disparagement to God to be every where concern'd. Tho' he be infinitely high, nothing is below his Care. He made the Earth we tread upon. And as he made it he still preserves it. As nothing is too great, so nothing is too little for God to be concern'd about. *Are*

Matth. 10. 29. *not Two Sparrows Sold for a Farthing, and one of them shall not fall to the Ground without your Father?*

Musculus.

By Sparrows is meant all little Birds, so little that even Two are Sold for a Farthing; and yet their rise and fall is minded and taken notice of by God. And if the fall of Sparrows be not without God's Providence, how much more the Ways of Man.

Gen. 28.

Lastly. Let it be the Business of us all to live under the Sence of God's Omnipresence & Omniscience. Lead your Lives so, as if ye were fully convinc'd ye had to do with a God who is a Witness to all ye do, and will one Day Judge you for what ye have done. At all times, and in all Places, in all Ends, and in all Affairs say with Jacob, *God is here. Stand therefore in Awe and Sin not.* Let the Fear of God Rule in your Hearts. Keep always a Conscience void of Offence towards God, and towards Man. Wrong no Man, Defraud no Man, Oppress no Man, and follow after Charity with all Men. Let nothing be done through Strife Revenge, or Malice. As much as in you

things you lies Live Peaceably with all Men. God sees, made ought to be a strong motive to stir you up to Justice and Fidelity, to Honesty and Integrity, to Truth and Uprightness in all your Actions. You cannot keep your Wickedness from him. He is a God of Wisdom and cannot be deceiv'd. He is every where, and nothing can be hid from his Eye. He is a Just and Righteous God, and will do all things in strict and clear Justice. Every Man here present is a Spectacle constantly expos'd to the View of God. *There is not any Creature that is not manifest in his Sight, for all things are Naked and Opened unto the Eyes of him with whom we have to do.*

Consider, what has been said, and the Lord give you Understanding in all things. Amen.

F I N I S.

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